Financial statements December 31, 2021



Independent auditor's report

To the Trustees of The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art** [the "Museum"], which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects the financial position of the Museum as at December 31, 2021 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Museum in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information included in the Museum's 2021 annual report

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the annual report prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Museum's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Museum or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Museum's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
 resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Museum's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Museum's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Museum to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada June 22, 2022 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ernst & young LLP



Statement of financial position

As at December 31

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Assets Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	298,789	551,623
Accounts receivable	96,042	229,506
Inventory	157,417	154,190
Prepaid expenses	35,552	78,917
Total current assets	587,800	1,014,236
Investments, fair value [note 3[a]]	31,434,505	27,795,226
Capital assets, net [note 4]	12,924,750	13,646,033
Collections [note 10]	1	1_
	44,947,056	42,455,496
Liabilities and net assets Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Deferred contributions [note 5] Total current liabilities	339,092 240,926 490,959 1,070,977	261,930 138,800 697,262 1,097,992
Deferred capital contributions [note 6]	10,524,047	11,126,576
Total liabilities	11,595,024	12,224,568
Net assets Endowment [note 9] Total net assets	33,352,032 33,352,032 44,947,056	30,230,928 30,230,928 42,455,496

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Board:

James Appleyard

Bonnie Zelman

Statement of operations

Year ended December 31

		2021		2020
	General			
	operations	Other	Total	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Government grants [note 5 and 7]	1,540,818	Monome	1,540,818	1,272,171
Fundraising [note 5 and 11]	1,088,400	bu-produces	1,088,400	974,754
Facility rental	145,886	-	145,886	88,383
Museum shop	116,077		116,077	83,359
Education	96,083		96,083	111,093
Admissions	43,288	-	43,288	27,786
Other income	97,342		97,342	52,517
Investment income, net				
[notes 3[b] and 9[b]]	1,036,205	2,608,795	3,645,000	933,157
Amortization of deferred capital				
contributions [note 6]	Notated .	652,529	652,529	647,529
	4,164,099	3,261,324	7,425,423	4,190,749
Expenses				
Curatorial [note 10]	1,021,537		1,021,537	828,241
Administration	948,442	_	948,442	789,285
Facilities	809,282	_	809,282	848,465
Education	349,244	_	349,244	344,757
Marketing and publicity	323,170		323,170	256,257
Annual fundraising	202,139	THEORETE	202,139	178,352
Museum shop and commercial [note 8]	143,198	AVA0000	143,198	153,698
Amortization of capital assets		821,885	821,885	842,940
·	3,797,012	821,885	4,618,897	4,241,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over				
expenses for the year	367,087	2,439,439	2,806,526	(51,246)

See accompanying notes

Schedule of changes in net assets

Year ended December 31

		2021	
	Unrestricted	Endowment	Total
	\$	\$	\$
		[note 9]	
Net assets, beginning of year	_	30,230,928	30,230,928
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	2,806,526		2,806,526
Endowment contributions		50,468	50,468
Investment income in excess of amount			
made available for spending [note 9[b]]		264,110	264,110
Interfund transfers [note 9[d]]	(2,806,526)	2,806,526	
Net assets, end of year		33,352,032	33,352,032
		2020	
	Unrestricted	Endowment	Total
	\$	\$	\$
		[note 9]	
Net assets, beginning of year		30,277,974	30,277,974
Deficiency of revenue over expenses for the year	(51,246)	Personal	(51,246)
Endowment contributions	***************************************	4,200	4,200
Interfund transfers [note 9[d]]	51,246	(51,246)	
Net assets, end of year		30,230,928	30,230,928

See accompanying notes

Statement of cash flows

Year ended December 31

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year	2,806,526	(51,246)
Add (deduct) items not involving cash	_,,	(,,
Amortization of capital assets	821,885	842,940
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(652,529)	(647,529)
Investment income reinvested, net of management fees	(3,634,205)	(919,893)
, ,	(658,323)	(775,728)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related	, ,	, ,
to operations	146,587	41,663
Cash used in operating activities	(511,736)	(734,065)
Investing activities		
Withdrawals from externally managed investments	259,036	550,000
Purchase of capital assets	(100,602)	(120,442)
Cash provided by investing activities	158,434	429,558
Financing activities		
Contributions restricted for capital purposes	50,000	50,000
Endowment contributions	50,468	4,200
Cash provided by financing activities	100,468	54,200
Not decrease in each during the year	/2E2 924\	(250 207)
Net decrease in cash during the year	(252,834)	(250,307)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>551,623</u> 298,789	801,930 551,623
Cash and Cash equivalents, end of year	230,103	001,023

See accompanying notes

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

1. General

The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art [the "Museum"] was incorporated under the *Gardiner Museum Act* passed in 1981 by the Ontario Legislature.

The purpose of the Museum is to:

- [a] collect, conserve, lend and exhibit to the public works of ceramic, decorative and fine art and materials associated with civilizations producing art;
- [b] promote research, education and public interest in the origin, history, development, techniques and appreciation of ceramic, decorative and fine art; and
- [c] provide facilities and services for the purposes referred to above.

The Museum is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) and, as such, is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part III of the *CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting*, "Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations", which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations in Canada and includes the significant accounting policies summarized below.

Revenue recognition

The Museum follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include grants, bequests and other donations. Grants and bequests are recognized in the accounts when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Other donations are recorded when received, since pledges are not legally enforceable claims. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when initially recorded in the accounts. Externally restricted contributions are deferred when initially recorded in the accounts and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Endowment contributions are recognized as a direct increase in net assets when initially recorded in the accounts.

Sales and service revenue is recognized when goods are delivered and services rendered.

Investment income, which consists of interest, dividends, income distributions from pooled funds, realized gains and losses on all investments and unrealized gains and losses on investments recorded at fair value, is recorded as investment income in the statement of operations, except where it is externally restricted, in which case it is added to or deducted from endowment net assets or other restricted balances.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

Financial instruments

Investments reported at fair value consist of equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, investments in pooled funds, as well as any investments in fixed income securities that the Museum designates upon purchase to be measured at fair value. Transaction costs are recognized in the statement of operations in the period during which they are incurred.

Investments in fixed income securities not designated to be measured at fair value are initially recorded at fair value net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the straight-line method, less any provision for impairment.

Other financial instruments, including accounts receivable and accounts payable, are initially recorded at their fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, net of any provisions for impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash deposits and short-term investments with original terms to maturity of 90 days or less. Cash and investments meeting the definition of cash and cash equivalents that are held for investing rather than for liquidity purposes are classified as long-term investments.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, determined on a weighted average basis, and net realizable value.

Collections

The Museum records its collections at nominal value on the statement of financial position. For purchased collection items, the difference between the purchase price of the items and nominal value is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations. Items donated to the Museum are not recorded in the financial statements.

Proceeds from the sale of collection items are used either to acquire new items for the collection or for the direct care of the collection. Proceeds from the sale of collection items that are subject to external restrictions are deferred when initially recorded in the accounts and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value as at the date of contribution. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets' useful lives as follows:

Tangible

Land-use costs

Building and building improvements

Exhibit cases, furniture and other equipment

Term of lease
10–40 years
3–10 years

Intangible

Website costs 3–5 years

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not contribute to the Museum's ability to provide goods and services. Any impairment results in a write-down of the asset and an expense in the statement of operations. An impairment loss is not reversed if the fair value of the related asset subsequently increases.

Contributed materials and services

Contributed materials and services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Segmented information

The statement of operations separates transactions between general operations and other. Other includes the difference between net investment income less investment fees recorded in the statement of operations and the amount made available for general operations approved by the Board of Trustees [the "Board"], amortization of capital assets and deferred capital contributions, and certain unusual revenue and expenses.

All other revenue and expenses of the Museum are recorded in general operations in the statement of operations.

Allocation of expenses

The costs of each function include the costs of personnel and other expenses that are directly related to providing the function. General support and other costs are not allocated to functions.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, related amounts of revenue and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Areas requiring the use of management's estimates include the estimated useful lives of capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

3. Investments

[a] Investments recorded at fair value consist of the following:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash	202,165	445,717
Units in pooled funds		
Canadian bonds	8,633,969	7,335,408
Canadian equities	6,413,223	4,961,285
Foreign equities	16,185,148	15,052,816
	31,434,505	27,795,226

[b] Investment income is net of investment management fees of \$109,106 [2020 – \$133,493].

4. Capital assets

Capital assets consist of the following:

	2021		
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization	Net book value \$
Tangible Land-use costs	550,000	214,500	335,500
Building and building improvements Exhibit cases, furniture and other equipment	19,927,054 2,043,303 22,520,357	7,753,969 1,627,138 9,595,607	12,173,085 416,165 12,924,750
Intangible Website costs	124,720	124,720	_
	22,645,077	9,720,327	12,924,750

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

	2020		
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
	\$	\$	\$
Tangible	550,000	209.000	341,000
Land-use costs Building and building improvements	550,000 19,863,146	7,046,552	12,816,594
Exhibit cases, furniture and other equipment	2,006,609	1,521,503	485,106
, , ,	22,419,755	8,777,055	13,642,700
Intangible			
Website costs	124,720	121,387	3,333
	22,544,475	8,898,442	13,646,033

Land-use costs represent those incurred in 1983 associated with a \$1 per year land lease expiring in 2082.

As of December 31, 2020, \$51,440 of capital assets had not been amortized since they were not yet in use. For 2021, all capital assets are in use and being amortized.

5. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions represent grants and donations related to future years' operations. The continuity of deferred contributions is as follows:

	2021 *	2020
Balance, beginning of year	697,262	435,881
Amounts received during the year	477,712	717,402
Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	(684,015)	(456,860)
Amounts transferred from deferred capital contributions, net	-	839
Balance, end of year	490,959	697,262

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

6. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of donations received for the purchase of capital assets. The annual amortization of deferred capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations. The changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Balance, beginning of year	11,126,576	11,724,944
Contributions restricted for capital purposes	50,000	50,000
Amounts transferred to deferred contributions, net	leader-rate	(839)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(652,529)	(647,529)
Balance, end of year	10,524,047	11,126,576

Included in the deferred capital contributions balance as at December 31, 2021 are \$59,517 [2020 – \$59,517] of unspent amounts for capital projects to be spent in future years.

7. Government grants

Government grants include operational support and project specific grants and consist of the following:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Federal COVID-19 relief [note 14]	713,803	791,880
Provincial COVID-19 relief [note 14]	217,092	21,689
City of Toronto – Operating Ministry of Tourism and Culture – Operating	215,000 145,482	161,535 145,482
Ontario Arts Council – Operating	132,441	64,085
Canada Council for the Arts - Operating	103,000	70,000
Canada Council for the Arts – COVID-19 relief	14,000	17,500
	1,540,818	1,272,171

8. Expenses

Museum shop expenses include cost of sales of \$42,437 [2020 - \$66,792].

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

9. Endowment net assets

[a] Endowment net assets consist of amounts subject to donor and Board-imposed restrictions relating to maintaining the principal and using the income in accordance with any purposes established by the donor or the Board. Endowment net assets consist of the following:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Externally endowed	3,109,555	2,794,977
Internally endowed	30,242,477	27,435,951
	33,352,032	30,230,928

The internally endowed net assets include amounts that have been restricted by the Board to help ensure the long-term financial security of the Museum.

[b] The Board has established a policy with the objective of protecting the real value of endowment net assets by limiting the amount of income made available for spending and requiring the reinvestment of any income earned in excess of this limit. The amount available for spending is calculated based on a percentage [4.75%] of the five-year moving average of the market value of investments at year-end.

For externally endowed funds, the preservation of capital is recorded as a direct increase in endowment net assets. In any year, should net investment income not be sufficient to fund the amount to be made available for spending on externally endowed funds or the investment return is negative, the shortfall is recorded as a transfer from the endowment fund to the unrestricted fund.

For internally endowed funds, investment income is recorded in the statement of operations, with the amount to be made available for spending recorded in general operations. Any excess of revenue over expenses for the year is transferred to the internally endowed funds. In any year, if there is a deficiency of revenue over expenses related to operations, an amount is transferred from internally endowed net assets to unrestricted net assets.

In 2021, net investment income of \$392,808 was earned on investments held for the externally endowed portion of endowment net assets. Of this total, \$128,698 was made available for spending and included in general operations revenue in the statement of operations. The amount earned on externally endowed funds in excess of the amount available for spending of \$264,110 was added to endowment net assets in the statement of changes in net assets. Investment income of \$3,516,302 was earned on the internally endowed portion of endowment net assets and recorded in the statement of operations, of which \$907,507 was available for spending and recorded in general operations and the remaining \$2,608,795 was recorded in other.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

In 2020, net investment income of \$104,302 was earned on investments held for the externally endowed portion of endowment net assets and is included in general operations revenue in the statement of operations. An amount of \$126,061 was made available for spending. The shortfall of investment income earned on externally endowed net assets and the calculated amount made available for spending of \$21,759 was transferred from the external endowment fund to the unrestricted fund [note 9[d]]. Investment income of \$828,855 was earned on the internally endowed portion of endowment net assets and recorded in the statement of operations, under general operations. The shortfall of investment income earned on internally endowed net assets and the calculated amount made available for spending of \$46,303 was transferred from the internal endowment fund to the unrestricted fund [note 9[d]].

[c] Effective December 31, 2021, the Board approved a transfer of \$2,806,526, to the internally endowed portion of endowment net assets from unrestricted net assets representing the excess of revenue over expenses for the year.

Effective December 31, 2020, the Board approved a transfer of \$16,816 from unrestricted net assets to the internally endowed portion of endowment net assets representing the excess of revenue over expenses for the year, after providing for the shortfall of investment income earned to the amounts available for spending on externally and internally endowed funds [notes 9[b][d]].

[d] Interfund transfers consist of the following:

	2021		
	Unrestricted Endowmen		
	fund	fund	
	\$	\$	
Transfer of excess of revenue over expenses [note 9[c]]	(2,806,526)	2,806,526	
	(2,806,526)	2,806,526	
	202	20	
	Unrestricted	Endowment	
	fund	fund	
	\$	\$	
Shortfall between investment income earned and the amount			
available for spending related to externally endowed funds Shortfall between investment income earned and the amount	21,759	(21,759)	
available for spending on internally endowed funds	46,303	(46,303)	
Transfer of excess of revenue over expenses [note 9[c]]	(16,816)	`16,816 [´]	
	51,246	(51,246)	

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

10. Collection of ceramic art

The Museum houses approximately 4,000 objects, including European porcelain, ceramics from the Ancient Americas, Chinese porcelain, Japanese porcelain, and contemporary ceramics. The Museum also has within its collections a small number of non-ceramic works directly related to objects in its collections, such as paintings, works on paper, and decorative arts. Two works of public art also form part of the Museum's collections.

In 2021, collections with an appraised fair value of \$10,898 [2020 – \$370,172] were donated to the Museum. The majority of which are by contemporary artists, and two historical pieces. Curatorial expenses included purchases of ceramic art during the year of \$1,576 [2020 – \$28,070].

There were no disposals of collection items during the year [2020 – nil]. As at December 31, 2021, there are no amounts of proceeds received and not yet spent from disposals of collection items [2020 – nil].

11. Ontario Arts Foundation Endowment Fund Program

The Museum participates in the Arts Endowment Fund Program administered by the Ontario Arts Foundation [the "OAF"]. As at December 31, 2021, the OAF held \$1,259,517 [2020 – \$1,126,681] for the benefit of the Museum, which is not reflected in the financial statements.

During 2021, \$53,991 [2020 – \$46,810], representing amounts distributed under the Arts Endowment Fund Program, is included in fundraising revenue.

12. The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art – U.S.

The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art – U.S. is a separate corporation without share capital and with its own Board of Directors; its purpose is to support and carry out tax exempt purposes of the Museum and other publicly supported organizations with compatible purposes. It is able to accept donations, gifts, legacies and bequests and issue U.S. charitable donation receipts. The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art – U.S. is exempt from U.S. federal and state income taxes. During the year, the Museum received cash contributions of CAD \$790 [2020 cash contributions of USD \$20,235] from The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art – U.S. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, The George R. Gardiner Museum of Ceramic Art – U.S. had no net assets.

13. Financial instruments and risk management

The Museum is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in its financial instruments.

Currency risk

The Museum is exposed to foreign currency risk with respect to the underlying investments of its pooled funds denominated in foreign currencies, because the fair value and future cash flows will fluctuate due to the changes in the relative value of foreign currencies against the Canadian dollar.

Credit risk

The Museum is exposed to credit risk in connection with its accounts receivable and the underlying fixed income investments of its pooled funds because of the risk that one party to the financial instrument may cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Notes to financial statements

December 31, 2021

Interest rate risk

The Museum is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to the underlying fixed income investments in pooled funds because the fair value will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Other price risk

The Museum is exposed to other price risk through changes in market prices [other than changes arising from interest rate or currency risks] in connection with its investments in pooled funds.

14. COVID-19

The coronavirus disease 2019 ["COVID-19"] was classified as a pandemic by the World Health Organization in early 2020, and governments around the world have taken unprecedented actions to curtail the spread of the disease. This impacted businesses around the world, especially the art industry. The forced closure of non-essential businesses, which included museums, continued to have a significant adverse impact on the arts, entertainment and recreation industry.

In terms of the Museum's investments, global financial markets experienced significant volatility in both equity and fixed income securities prices but have recently stabilized. However, the outcome and time frame of a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable, and as such, the valuation of investments could continue to vary until the current uncertainty is resolved.

The impact of the COVID-19 on the Museum was significant and was felt across the Museum's operations. The Museum has been closed for extended periods and, when open, Museum attendance has been reduced. Hospitality revenue earned through event space rentals and education revenue earned through class attendance continued to be limited, along with membership revenue due to restrictions on members' access to clay classes, shop discounts, and programming.

Government funding continued at anticipated levels based on agreements in place and individuals and others from the private sector contributed to the Museum. In 2020, staff reductions occurred where programming was cancelled and new hiring was not conducted for vacant positions. This continued in the current year.

Revenues from government measures included federal wage subsidies, the provincial rent subsidy and energy rebates. During the year, the Museum received \$72,081 through the Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy and energy cost rebate programs, of which \$1,364 is included in accounts receivable at year-end. The Museum also received \$703,813 from the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy, Canada Recovery Hiring Program and Tourism and Hospitality Recovery Program, of which \$9,532 is included in accounts receivable at year-end.